

PRIVATE KMAS CARDS
SPENDING RANGE
BLUNDELL'S BOOK STORE
First Street
ORDER NOW

VOLUME 4

SEVEN MILES NOW READY FOR STEEL ON C.N.R. BRANCH

Over Two Hundred Teams and Three Hundred Men Now at Work—Company Spending \$1,500 Per Day on Work—Men and Horses Consume Much—Redcliff Headquarters for Provisions.

A visit to the grading camps on the C.N.R. line now being through here is most interesting. The writer had the pleasure of a visit this week and was surprised at the great progress being made.

The camps have been moved from their first location and are now eleven, thirteen and fifteen miles out of town.

These camps are regular tented villages, and remind one at first sight of soldiers' camps. Everything around the camps are clean and tidy and the men are as comfortable as if at home.

At present there are about two hundred and five teams and three hundred and twenty-five men engaged on the work. Today they have seven miles of the grade completed, ready for line and steel, and it is the intention to continue the work just as long as the fine weather continues.

The road from town to the camps is like a busy thoroughfare as a procession of teams is constantly engaged teaming out supplies from the company store house in Redcliff.

NOT MUCH CHANGE IN WAR SITUATION

Censored Reports, Very Meager—Deceptive Battle Expected Soon—Turkey Declares War on Russia.

News from the war has been more meager during the past week than for any week since it started.

Censored reports reaching America from the battle line in Northern France do not tell much, but enough is contained in them for readers to be assured that such wholesale slaughtering of humans as is now in progress in that region was never before known in the world's history. News from the desperate fighting along the coast line at the borders of Belgium, it seems certain that the German army is making a gallant effort to be taken at no matter what cost. And from the desperate resistance which the Allies are offering to the German advance it seems equally certain that orders quite as positive to prevent a retreat as this French report have been issued.

On several occasions already in the war it has seemed that something decisive one way or the other would speedily happen in this particular field of action, but on every such occasion thus far nothing decisive has happened, because on both sides the continuous arrival of reinforcements has prevented the limit of endurance point being reached. It looks now, however, as if the supreme moment had arrived, and that such a decisive war was due to be delivered, let us hope, to the German army.

In the eastern area of the war the Russian success in having driven back the German right wing, as a fortnight ago they shattered the left wing before Warsaw.

In confirmation of this is the German official admission that their troops, together with the Austrians, had retreated in Poland.

Today's official wires from Berlin to the German embassy supplements last night's official announcement of the retirement of German-Austrian forces before new Russian forces, and says the Bulgarians have been reinforced.

The latest war news today is to the effect that Turkey has declared war on Russia. Three Turkish armies have already bombarded Thessalonica, damaging the cathedral, Greek church and other buildings. The British army has been in recent progress in the struggle in Palestine, and as it is expected that the British army is operating on the coast. This number never has been confirmed from British sources, but a dispatch from the British press that a battalions equipped with 12-inch guns has gone to the garrisons

Provincial Librarian, 1-116

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

REDCLIFF, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1914.

English Red Cross
Nurse and the Togs
She Goes To Work In



Mayor Bott Addresses Union Bible Class

The second evening given by the members of the Union Bible Class took place in the Empress theatre last Monday evening. When the hour to start the evening's programme arrived the hall was well filled. Mr. George Dunnet occupied the chair. He thanked those present for turning out in such large numbers and then proceeded to read the scriptures for the evening. He then gave the members of the class a very interesting and helpful address. He pointed out the importance of the scriptures to the young men and ladies of the town, and the need for a healthy uplift by the different speakers. After singing a few appropriate hymns the chairman introduced Mayor Bott, the speaker of the evening.

In opening, His Worship complimented the Bible Class on the work they were doing in town, and said he would be pleased at any time to give them any assistance he could. He then read the address "The Conquest of Life," and the speaker said he would endeavor to apply it in his remarks to the individual life. It would be an easy matter, he said, to turn to the pages of history, or modern literature for a hero on which to base his remarks, but he felt that for real inspiration there was no place to get like the good old book. He would therefore take as the subject for his talk the life of King David.

A most interesting manner he traced the government of Israel down to the reign of Saul and the attitude of David up till the final victory over the Philistines. David's great success first lay in his willingness to assume responsibility. Instead of listening to those around him as to how he should prepare to go out and meet his enemy, he pursued his own course, using only the weapons he had tried and proven. Many failures in life today were because the individual tried to do something else instead of having the courage of his own convictions. The speaker said there was no new system for the young of life. David went forth to fight with his faith well founded on his life today were because the individual tried to do something else instead of having the courage of his own convictions. The speaker said there was no new system for the young of life. David went forth to fight with his faith well founded on his life today were because the individual tried to do something else instead of having the courage of his own convictions.

The address throughout was most interesting and thoroughly enjoyed by the large audience, at the conclusion of which Mr. Bott was tendered a hearty vote of thanks.

Come Long Distance For Redcliff Coal

Shipment of coal from the mine here continue to increase. Not only are they being shipped in large quantities by rail but farmers are coming thirty and forty miles for it. Farmers can buy this excellent quality of coal so reasonably here that they have them that come that distance for it and put it home.

WATER COM. RECOMMENDES CHANGE IN RATES

At Regular Meeting of Council Held Wednesday—Report is Adopted—Dr. Bonner Heard re Water Extension.

The regular meeting of the town council was held last Wednesday evening. Mayor Bott was in the chair and the following councillors were present: Messrs. Lavelle, McLachlan, and Ireland.

Before proceeding with other business the mayor asked if there were any representations to make to the council. Dr. Bonner was present and stated that he had an opportunity now of getting financial assistance to put a water main in the knitting mill provided they could be extended to the property. He asked the council if they would guarantee to have water put to the plant by the town, and the council agreed.

Mayor Bott said in answer that he did not think the council could guarantee anything along that line, but in the present condition of the money market. Any further work the council might undertake depended entirely on whether or not they could sell their water. He stated that this water extension was already in the estimates for this year and the only reason it was not already undertaken and completed was because the town had not the money. He called the council as a body would only be too pleased to encourage industrial development in every possible way but as yet they had not any money for making money.

Councillor Lavelle spoke along similar lines, and said he thought that if it were possible to do so at all that main should be extended where they would be revenue producing.

Councillor Ireland said that while any guarantee was not given at the present time, he felt that the council might be made possible if financial conditions improved. However, he felt that the people's money should be spent where it would do the greatest good to the greatest number.

Councillor McLachlan waited to know if Dr. Bonner could wait for a while to see how the council made out with their debentures, but the doctor informed him that the factory was now at the parting of the ways and whatever was going to be done must be done at once.

The mayor did not see how any guarantee could be given as any agreement between the council and the factory would have to be on condition that the debentures were sold. As this extension was already in the estimates and gained by the burgesses he did not see what more the council could do at present.

Dr. Bonner intimated that the council was not giving him much encouragement, to which the mayor replied that he had not consulted the council in regard to the location of the factory, and instead of building on the free site on the water main he had built it away from the water line.

The water committee which was appointed to look into the complaint, reported as follows:

Report of Water Committee
Mr. Pitt and Gentlemen,
The water committee has investigated the complaint laid by Mr. Black as to the amount of water rates, and has reported as follows:
The meter rate for Messrs. Elliott & Lang, previous to the opening of the by-pass was \$2.45 per month, while their flat rate according to schedule is \$2.35 per month.

Since the opening of the by-pass they have been paying the latter rate which has given the town a revenue of 40 cents per month over their average meter rate.

The average meter rate for the Redcliff hotel is \$19.10 per month, and this is the amount collected from the hotel during the time the by-pass was open.

The water committee is satisfied that the charges of discrimination are unfounded.
In regard to the rate for Mr. Black's premises the committee find that the rate is correct according to the schedule.
(Continued in last page.)

ANOTHER NEW FACTORY NOW ASSURED FOR REDCLIFF

Knitting Factory Will Start at Once to Install Machinery—Will Be in Operation by First of Next Year—Will Employ from 25 to 50 Hands—Building All Ready for Machinery.

We are informed by Mr. Bonner, who has already erected a building here for the purpose of starting a knitting factory, that he has been successful in making financial arrangements which will enable him to proceed with the installation of the necessary machinery for his factory. The only obstacle in the way, he stated, was that it was necessary to have water and gas extended to the plant. This matter was brought to the attention of the council; but owing to financial conditions they could not undertake to guarantee the work at present. However, since the council meeting the situation has changed, and the extension of Messrs. Stoner, Lockwood & Wheeler, who rather than see the enterprise fail, have agreed to have Mr. Bonner their personal guarantee that they would finance the water extension and see that work on both water and gas was started as soon as the machinery for the mill was shipped.

This was understood was quite satisfactory to Mr. Bonner, and he is at present making the necessary arrangements to proceed with the installation of the machinery at once. He informs us that he expects to be in a position to start the machinery in operation by the first of next year. The mill was shipped at a very low price, and he is at present making the necessary arrangements to proceed with the installation of the machinery at once. He informs us that he expects to be in a position to start the machinery in operation by the first of next year.

The building, which is a two-story brick one is already completed, and is located in Redcliff Annex. Everything in the building is in readiness for the machinery, so that there will be no delay once the machinery arrives here.

This factory from the start will employ about 25 hands, and will be in operation from time to time as business demands, and the full capacity of the factory is reached.

Just before the council meeting on Wednesday evening a very interesting ceremony took place at the town hall. The occasion was the unfurling of the new Union Jack presented to the town by Mr. Glen Smyth.

The band was present and after playing a few patriotic airs, in which all joined and sang after which Mayor Bott addressed those present. He was glad to see such a demonstration of patriotism, and on behalf of the town he thanked Mr. Smyth for the donation. He then unfurled the flag, and as it was being raised the flag staff went through the establishment ceremony of mashing a bottle of rum.

The flag was then officially unfurled by his worship said to George the Fifth, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

He then read and all joined in singing "Three Cheers for the King, White and Blue."

Phone Now Through To Saskatchewan

By the completion of a long distance telephone line from Gull Lake to the Alberta boundary connecting with the Calgary system, telephone communication has been made possible for the first time between Alberta and the Saskatchewan coast. The work was started in the spring and communication is now established between Regina and the following points in Alberta: Calgary, Medicine Hat, Lethbridge, Red Deer, Hays, and Moose, Taber, Irvine, and Swift.

Telephone communication between Alberta and Saskatchewan in the north will be established in the same way. The installation of a long distance service.

C. N. R. SAID TO HAVE RAISED \$1,000,000
It was reported at Ottawa that the C.N.R. had raised \$1,000,000 of the amount promised by the government for the line, notwithstanding the war.

INSIST ON GETTING
PATTERSON'S BREAD
From Your Grocer
Or Phone 44 and Our Wagon
Will Call.

NUMBER 44

REDCLIFF SHOE FACTORY IS GOING AHEAD

Travelers Meeting With Success—Start on New Territory—New Hands Being Added to Staff—Competition Praised Goods.

Messrs. Jan. Brown and J. P. Mitchell, the two travellers for the Redcliff shoe factory were in town this week after having made the rounds of this immediate district and west as far as the coast.

They report business an exceptionally good and say their customers are pleased with the goods. Both travellers left again with the object of covering new territory—One goes to Edmonton and takes the north line of railway as far west as Winnipeg. The other takes the main line of the C.N.R. and branches from here to Port William.

During the past week a number of skilled workmen from the east have been added to the staff, and arrangements are being made to have more added next week, or as soon as they can be secured. E. T. Weaver has been engaged as foreman of the bottom room. He has had a wide experience in some of the best factories in Toronto and Montreal, and among which were the "Belind" and "Victoria" shoe factories.

Mr. Muir, a member of a large boot and shoe factory in Montreal, has been in town for the past week on business in connection with the shoe factory here. Mr. Muir informs us that the goods being produced in the Redcliff factory are the very best quality, and that the material, workmanship and machinery are of the very best, and he feels sure a happy future is in store for this industry.

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Redcliff Ladies Help Red Cross Society

The following letter was received by the treasurers of the Red Cross fund in town. It explains itself.

Calgary, Alberta,
28th October, 1914.
Mrs. Gordon and Mrs. E. Chadwick,
Redcliff Treasurers, Redcliff, Alta.

I beg to acknowledge with grateful thanks the receipt of your letter of the 18th instant enclosing cheque for \$20.00, being the amount collected by the ladies of your town, and herewith enclose formal receipt.

You have no doubt seen in our local papers the regular reports of a large work that is being done. A big task is being accomplished, and the ladies have contributed cash, which will be of so great assistance in the work of caring for the sick and wounded, and on that account we are so pleased to get it.

Kindly convey to all concerned our appreciation of their generous contribution.

Yours faithfully,
MR. PINKHAM,
Honorary Secretary.

GEN. RAM HUGHES
MAY BE AT FRONT

There is an impression in our local papers the regular reports of a large work that is being done. A big task is being accomplished, and the ladies have contributed cash, which will be of so great assistance in the work of caring for the sick and wounded, and on that account we are so pleased to get it.

The United States commission for Belgium relief is taking steps to distribute food among the sorely stricken people of Belgium.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

W. H. HARRISON, Publisher

Ed. L. STONE, Editor

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Advertising Rates on Application

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1914.

A GENEROUS OFFER

At the present time there is a movement on foot by our parliament and leading financial men in an endeavor to encourage industrial development which should come our way as a result of the present European war. In this movement Redcliff should be and is very much interested.

One thing absolutely necessary in order that Canada may be in a position to take advantage of this opportunity is money. There can be no development without it and at the present time it appears to be very hard to get hold of even enough to keep present industries in operation to say nothing of further development.

This fact was very forcibly brought home to our own doors at his regular meeting of the council held last Wednesday, when Dr. Bonner, representing the knitting factory here, was called on the council and asked them to extend the water system to his plant. This the council could not do at present simply because they could not sell the debentures and consequently had no money. Naturally Dr. Bonner was disappointed and expressed the opinion that the council was not in sympathy with his factory. After hearing both sides of the argument we cannot see how the council could have given any guarantee to put in the water under the circumstances. Whatever agreement they might enter into with Mr. Bonner in this matter must have had, in fairness to the ratepayers and the council, a proviso to the effect that "if" the debentures were sold.

As this water extension asked for is already in the estimates and has passed the burgesses and the council, the only reason the work has not already been done is for reasons above stated. This is a rather unfortunate state of affairs, but we are no worse off in this respect than many other towns and cities in the west at the present time.

The most unfortunate part of the whole affair is that this mill was built so far away from the water mains already installed and running through the industrial district. Those most interested in the town donated a site for this factory on those mains and it had been built there where there would not be any unsatisfactory state of affairs.

However, in an endeavor to make best of things and encourage industrial development in every possible way, the fathers of the town, Messrs. Stoner, Lockwood and Wheeler, have come to the rescue and have promised to do what the council could not do at present. They have, through the mayor, assured Dr. Bonner that they will guarantee to start putting both water and gas to his factory just as soon as the machinery for the plant is shipped, and have it ready for use when needed. This act on the part of the above firm is surely a most generous one and will be good news to the citizens of the town.

There is no line of goods more in demand at the present time than those which the factory will turn out, and we have every reason to believe it will be in operation by the first of the year, as Dr. Bonner has assured us that he has the necessary capital in sight to purchase the machinery.

BE ON TIME

On two or three occasions during the past few weeks our attention has been drawn to what appears to be a very bad

habit some of our people have of not starting meetings or other gatherings on time. If a meeting is called for eight o'clock those responsible for calling the meeting should see that it starts at eight. There is nothing more annoying than for a person who places some importance on punctuality to have to hang around for half or three quarters of an hour for the slow ones. As a rule it is always the busiest people who are the most punctual. The time is therefore more valuable and they see the importance of starting and stopping at the advertised time. There is nothing will spoil interest in any organization than to let it run itself and run behind schedule time. If the officers in all our organizations would bear this in mind in the future it would not be long till the public would soon get to be educated along the line of punctuality, and as a result all institutions would profit by it.

OUR TOWN ELECTION.

Most of the towns and cities throughout the west are now getting busy in municipal affairs. The municipal elections for mayors and councillors in towns take place the first Monday in December, and nomination day at least six days prior to the first Monday in December.

In Redcliff there will be no election for mayor, as Mayor Bott was elected last December to serve a two-year's term as prescribed by the town act. For mayors and councillors the election each year, the other three remaining in office for two years. This year the retiring councillors are Messrs. Lydiatt, Lavelle and Hicks. Last year Mr. Flath was elected for two years, but as he has not attended a meeting of the council for over three months he automatically forfeits his seat. In this case he will either have to seek re-election this year or some one else elected to fill out the balance of his term.

So far we have heard no talk of prospective candidates, which goes to show that the ratepayers are either well pleased with the work of this year's council or are indifferent. If it is the former we have no criticism to offer, but we think it a mistake for the ratepayers to show no interest in municipal affairs until just a few days before nomination day. When left till the last minute it very often happens that the best men are not in the field, but instead any one who will accept a nomination is put in the field just to have a contest.

It is probably a little early in the game for us to attempt to choose a slate, but we have always been firm believers in keeping men who have proved their worth in the municipal harness as long as possible. Mr. Hicks we learn from a reliable source will not seek re-election, as his business now keeps him out of town quite a bit.

As for Mr. Lydiatt and Mr. Lavelle they have always taken a keen interest in the town's work and should be induced to stand for re-election. The town needs their services. Mr. Lydiatt, we are aware, is a very busy man, but his business ability and financial standing is what is needed in this growing community.

Mr. Lavelle, as every old resident knows, has been the hardest worker on the council, and has always worked for the best interests of the town, and it would be a distinct loss to the ratepayers if he should retire.

TAX ON UNCULTIVATED LAND

The action of the provincial government in imposing a tax upon uncultivated lands is commanding a great deal of attention. Connected with the primary object of producing additional

at revenue, its operation will be watched with more than ordinary interest by those who are desirous of ascertaining its effect as a means of forcing land under cultivation. That it will produce additional revenue goes without saying. That as a lever for bringing land under cultivation it will have an appreciable effect remains to be seen.

The subject has commanded such attention that a few particulars relating to it will be of interest. The tax is equal to one per cent. of the value of land, in other words, is equal to ten mills on the dollar. As the object is to reach the speculator many exemptions are provided for by the act. In brief they include: Crown and Indian lands; lands held to the extent of three acres for church purposes; comes held for roads, not exceeding twenty-five acres; homestead lands; lands held under grazing lease from the Dominion, or held by a municipality; lands within boundaries of a municipality; lands not exceeding four acres used by a university, school or hospital; lands held by an agricultural society, as well as those invested in any library board; land of less than one acre in extent, or a lot of a similar area described upon a registered plan; lands held by the province for public purposes.

Exemptions have also been made for the special purpose of promoting cultivation and the raising of cattle. Thus land owned by a bona fide farmer who resides on a portion of it, provided the area occupied is more than 640 acres, is also exempt. In this case the exemption may cover also portions of land which may not be contiguous to, but which are situated within a radius of nine miles from the owner's home. Again the exemption applies to land; each section of which has had one-fourth of its area under cultivation during the previous year.

The exemption applies in the case of any owner who has several portions of land within a radius of nine miles and in the same assessment district, any portion of which is now under cultivation.

For the encouragement of cattle raising it is provided that the exemption shall apply to all enclosed land that has been used for the pasturing of horses, cattle or sheep belonging to the owner of the land, and upon which a given number of such animals have been pastured for six months during the previous year.

Legislation of this nature deserves to succeed. It strikes at the root of a great economic evil, the existence of vast areas of uncultivated land. These are a heavy toll upon industry; they retard development and make it doubly heavy for the enterprising and industrious members of the community to make such headway as they have a right to expect.

TIPPERARY

Up to mighty London came an Irishman one day.

As the streets were paved with gold, every one was gay.

Singing songs of Pissidilly, Strand and Leicester Square, Till Paddy got excited—then he shouted to them there:

It's a long way to Tipperary, It's a long way to go; It's a long way to Tipperary, To the sweetest girl I know!

Goodby, Pissidilly, Farewell, Leicester Square, It's a long way to Tipperary, But my heart's right there!

Paddy wrote a letter to his Irish Molly O, Saying, "Should you not receive it write and let me know! If I make mistakes in spelling, Molly dear, don't mind."

"Remember it's the pen that's bad, don't lay the blame on me."

Molly wrote a neat reply to Irish Paddy O, Saying, "Mike Maloney wants to marry me, and so I have to leave the Strand and Pissidilly, or you'll be blame, For love has fairly drove me silly—being yours the same?"

CHURCH NOTICES

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

In the church at 11 forenoon, Mr. Gordon will speak on "The Power of Effective Work," and in the evening in the Empire theatre at 7.30 on "The Master Builder and His Wife," Mrs. H. & Johnson will sing the solo. The Sabbath school meets at 10 forenoon in the church.

On Wednesday at 8 p.m. prayer service is held in the church, preceded by war-talk.

On Thursday the Ladies' Aid meets at 4 and the choir at 8 p.m.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Sunday next, All Saints Day. Holy Communion, 8. Matins, 10.30. Litany and Holy Communion, 11. Sunday Schools, 2.30. Bible Class, 3.45. Evening, 7.30.

Wednesday, W. A. at 2.30. Litany.

Fridays, special service of prayer and intercession on behalf of the nation and empire at this time of war, at 7.30.

The Bible Class will be opened again after the summer months starting next Sunday at 2.30. Come and bring your friend.

On Sunday evening the sermon will be with All Saints' Day with reference to the war.

BAPTIST CHURCH

Servicing in the Hall. Morning worship, 11 o'clock, subject, "Isaiah's Vision." Sunday school, 10 o'clock. Evening, 7.30 o'clock, subject, "Seed of Tarsus." This is the first of a series of sermons on the life of the Apostle Paul. Come early and join in the service of song which immediately precedes the evening service. A cordial invitation is extended to you. Come.

THE UNION BIBLE CLASS

At 5.30 on Sunday the class meets in the Presbyterian church, London. "Sowing and Reaping," Galatians 6:1-10. This is a temperance study and is to be continued.

The thanks of the class and of the community are due Mayor Bott for his excellent address in the Empire Theatre under the auspices of the class. May it give good lesson, so graphically and eloquently expressed, able in the lives of his audience.

TENANT NOT ALWAYS

TO BLAME

That the tenant is not always to blame when he leaves the leased land to be depleted of its fertility and run down generally is a fact not sufficiently considered by the advocate of better farming. Many a farm owner makes it impossible for his tenant to avoid soil mining simply because he has two means to his disposal of the expense involved. As one tenant farmer is reported to have said:

"I can see no reason why I should farm the land. I know that if it keeps productive and in good shape the man who tills it must do the work in that way. But what can a fellow do with an owner who was too ignorant and stingy on this matter to do anything himself when he ran the farm?"

I tell you most of those farmers who rent their farms are worse slavers than the man who runs the farm. They cannot afford to keep up the land and do what the land needs to have done to it unless he has a five or ten year lease and the owner is willing to bear part of the expense. And so we go from one farm to another skinning the land, and the owners help us to it all they can and seem to want to have it done."

In some sections of Alberta numbers of farm owners live in town, and beyond collecting all the rent they can either in cash or in grain, take little or no interest in the way in which their land is being farmed. The result is that the yields are steadily decreasing both in quantity and quality, and noxious weeds are increasing at an alarming rate.

There is a great deal to be said for the tenant who is willing to take a long lease and who is willing to bear part of the expense of the land, and who is willing to have it done."

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MANY ORDERS COMING

British Government Buying in Large

Quantities in Canada

Frederick Stobart, representing the British government, has given one order for a million and a half shirts, which will keep every shirt factory in Canada busy for some months. One has been given for 50,000 socks. Other large orders are expected.

CANADA HAS A NUMBER

OF PRISONERS OF WAR

There are 600 German and Austrian prisoners of war in Canada, according to the latest report which have been received by the government from the various places of detention throughout the country. About 400 of these are Austrians and the rest Germans. Most of these are reservists who were arrested while endeavoring to make their way to Europe to fight against the Allies.

FOR CHICKENS

Oyster Shell, per lb. 51c

Crystal Crust, per lb. 51c

Crushed Bone, per lb. 51c

Beef Scrap, per lb. 71c

Alfalfa Meal, per lb. 41c

Standard Egg Maker, per lb. 121c

at

Northwest Grocery

PHONE 70

Full Line of

Samples for

FALL AND WINTER

SUITS AND

OVER-

COATS

NOW IN.

Measure taken by practical

tailor. Fit and satisfaction

guaranteed.

J. W. JARDINE

Redcliff, Alberta.

Hints on Hair Health

If you use our treatment, we will

either stop your hair from falling or

pay for the treatment ourselves.

Dandruff is a contagious disease

and is caused by the use of

removal cream. This cream

is not only irritating to the

scalp but it also causes the

hair to become brittle and

breaks off at the roots. It

is the only remedy for dandruff

and it is the only remedy for

itching of the scalp. It is the

only remedy for the loss of

hair. It is the only remedy

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WORTS BROS.

SOUTH END

MEAT MARKET.

POULTRY, FRESH MEATS AND

FISH

Always on Hand.

HOME MADE SAUSAGES

A Specialty.

Orders Promptly Delivered

Phone 20.

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We make a Specialty of this branch of our work and can give our customers the benefit of our varied experience.

GENERAL SMITHING

Nothing too large and nothing too small. Give us a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. T. OATES, Prop.

Corner Broadway and Main Streets.

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REDCLIFF CLUB

HIGH GRADE HAVANA

CIGARS

Everywhere You Go

REDCLIFF CIGAR FACTORY,

Redcliff, Alberta.

REDCLIFF

Brick & Coal Co.

Limited.

Manufacturers of

High Grade

Brick

and

Building Tile.

Miners and Shippers of

Coal.

Redcliff, Alberta.

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The Pioneer Hotel of the Town.

This is the only Modern Hotel in

Redcliff.

HOT AND COLD WATER IN

EVERY ROOM.

BATH ON EACH FLOOR.

B.A.R.

Fully Stocked with the best

Wines, Ales, Liquors and Cigars.

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Meal Tickets

\$6.00 for 21 Meals.

D. BROADFOOT, Manager.

McLachlan

& McLean

CARPENTERS AND

BUILDERS.

See us about your storm

and doors. Get ready for winter.

Redcliff, Alberta.

ITALIAN SPAGHETTI MADE IN CANADA

How Canadian Housewife Was Deceived—The Virtues of the "Made-In-Canada" Article

According to the "Money" Times of Toronto, British Columbian manufacturers are losing no opportunity to improve on the "made in Canada" ability of using home-made products. This speculation includes all the manufacturers both on the lower mainland and Vancouver Island, so that the markets in the coast cities are carefully looked after. Previous products have been the rule here. A manager told "The Money" Times of an instance of how people apparently prefer something made elsewhere.

Empty Prejudices
A local brand of spaghetti was put on the market, and proved of the same old, and the same new. A housewife kept the brand at her grocery's and she tried it, but reported adversely. Evidently others did also, proving that a maker has little honor in his own country, for the firm got out a new package, taking off their name, and labelling it "Finest Italian Spaghetti". In one instance, the same woman who had said the other was no good tried it, and declared it was "the best spaghetti she had ever tasted," not knowing it was the same brand. Acting on the knowledge that British Columbia products are not behind any others in quality, the manufacturers are making a determined campaign to interest the public. The latest move is the re-labelling of the brand of trade that the Burrard Inlet Tunnel and Bridge Company is used to interest the public in the construction of the bridge across the Second Narrows a clue to the effect that the iron and steel for the bridge is made in Vancouver, where there are two companies which have a combined investment of over a million dollars in plant.

Favor the Home Product
There is a moral in this that has a far wider application than in the case of spaghetti. A vast amount of material is sold in Canadian stores labelled "Latest Importations," "Best Imported Brands," "Direct from the Manufacturer," "Best British Make," etc., that is the result of an honest day's work by a Canadian workman in a Canadian factory. The imported idea is a delusion, and it is gratifying to those who believe in the "Made-in-Canada" product to know that the consumer who is so prejudiced against the Canadian made article cannot note the difference between the home and foreign made product. This is an indirect compliment to the Canadian manufacturer and the Canadian mechanic, and should convince the most sceptical that he should patronize the home product wherever possible. Now is the time to reverse this policy if we wish to secure good times in Canada.

CHINESE EGGS AGAIN

Big Importations Tend to Lower Price of American Eggs

"The Canadian Countryman." In a recent issue, had this to say about the Chinese egg trade: At the present time Chinese eggs are reaching the Pacific coast at 14c per dozen. For some time past they have been sold by the wholesale and retail trade in the Western States labelled "fresh, moist, eggs." This was done because they are a smaller egg than the home product. Now legislation is compelling them to be labelled as "from China" instead. They are said to reach the coast in first-class condition for immediate use, but are valuable for storage as they soon develop "eggs."

The Canadian tariff provides a duty of three cents per dozen on foreign eggs, and while this is not sufficient to keep Chinese eggs out of Canada, it affords a protection to this extent for the Canadian egg producer. No one will begrudge the Canadian farmer, who has eggs to market, protection to this extent. In fact the majority of the Canadian people who realize that the prosperity of the country is bound up with the prosperity of the farmer, would probably agree to increase protection on eggs in order to ensure the farmer the same market as steady and profitable prices. No one wants to see his interests injured by a tariff of cheap eggs from such countries as China, where living conditions are far below the Anglo-Saxon standards.

It is interesting to note that under the reciprocity agreement the duty on eggs would have been wiped out, which would mean that Chinese eggs could be sold down in Vancouver at 12c per dozen instead of 14c. In view of this it is hard to see how it can be successfully maintained that the policy of maintaining protection on eggs produces no loss of value to the farmer.

PIG IRON PRODUCTION DECLINES IN CANADA

Imports Increase While Canadian Output Falls—A Remedy is Needed

Canadian iron ore refineries have not been developed sufficiently to supply home demands—in fact, since 1884 Canadian blast furnaces and steel plants have become more and more dependent upon supplies of imported ore. The total shipment of iron ore in 1913 from June 1st to Canada was 31,352 tons, whereas blast furnaces consumed a total of 2,090,735 tons, and steel furnaces consumed 48,906 tons. Although the shipments from iron ore mines were slightly higher than in 1911, they are, with the exception of the previous year, the lowest that have been recorded in thirteen years, and amount to less than 10 per cent of the year's requirements of blast iron steel furnaces.

Mr. J. J. Cripp, M.P. for Port Arthur, in asking the Dominion Government to look into the matter of the development and utilization of Canadian iron ore deposits, drew attention to the fact that during the fiscal year 1913 there were imported into Canada iron and steel products amounting to \$141,000,000. This import constitutes nearly one-quarter of the total amount of imports of all commodities into Canada during the fiscal year 1913. What it means to the development and prosperity of Canada if this vast amount of iron and steel, or even a substantial portion of it, were manufactured in our own factories and steel plants, and from our own iron deposits, asked Mr. Cripp.

During the past year we produced 80 per cent. less Canadian iron than we did ten years ago, but the percentage of foreign ore have increased 250 per cent. Canadian blast furnaces are closed down, and we are importing half of the iron and steel that we need. The situation clearly demands action on the part of the Government.

Western Freight Rates
Manufacturers 'Have Been' Aiding Western Shippers in Fight For Better Rates
The Canadian Manufacturers' Association submitted the shortest brief record of the famous Western freight rates recently at Ottawa. Its brevity was not due to lack of interest in the matter, but to the fact that the Canadian Manufacturers' Association through their traffic expert have been in the forefront for lower freight rates in the West for years. Their statement as filed by J. H. Walsh, Manager Transportation Department, read as follows:

1. In view of the fact that the evidence in this case is of the most comprehensive character and covers the interests of all parties represented, it is unnecessary for the Canadian Manufacturers' Association to state its views, except in the most general way, as follows:

2. In order that all freight rates should bear as lightly as possible upon the producer, and this especially because of the fact that all the country west of the Great Lakes is so situated geographically, that of necessity there is a very long haul to the seaboard, and onward to the markets of the world. To give our farmers and other producers all that they are fairly entitled to means that their products must be carried at as low a charge as is consistent with the cost of the service.

3. The railways must receive a reasonable return on the capital which they have actually invested. To compel them to carry the traffic at remunerative rates would not only be unjust, but would immediately place an onerous check upon the extension of rail transportation, which the people at large are so anxious to encourage.

In a word, therefore, we would be glad if your Board, having due regard to all the circumstances, and considering carefully the interests of all concerned would realize that in a way that would conserve and promote the welfare of the Western producer, carry that readjustment just as far as it would seem practicable to carry it, consistent with the axiom that home life capital investment must always be considered a reasonable return.

BRITAIN'S ARMY NUMBERS 1,500,000

The British army, on rolls and drilling in the United Kingdom, now numbers approximately one and a half million men. Of this total about 800,000 men belong to what is termed "Kitchener's army"—men who have volunteered for service three years or for the duration of the war; about 600,000 belong to the territorial, and the remainder are conscripted with the special reserve, so-called, or with the regular army, and have seen service previously.

Britain Has Cornered The Sugar Supply

By a stroke of business men have given them outsiders would have credit for, the British authorities are at the present time cornering the world's available sugar supply to the extent of guaranteeing Great Britain claim to first call on the stock. The result that today granulated sugar in Great Britain is selling at the very moderate rate of seven cents a pound.

HOME TEST FOR DIET IN MILK

The following is a simple home test for dirty milk which it might be best to the housewife of Canada to apply. A perfectly clean funnel with a small piece of clean wire netting fitted in the neck opening and a thin layer of clean cotton batting on the wire netting. The funnel is stood in a large jar and a quart or more of milk filtered through the cotton. If there is evidence of dirt upon it the attention of the milkman may be called to draw dirt from the can before handling and if trouble persists the local health authorities may well be notified.

NEW PRESIDENT IS NOMINATED FOR MEXICO

General Venustiano Carranza presented his resignation to the convention of generals assembled in Aguascalientes, Mexico, according to patches received from General Carranza's headquarters in Ciudad Juarez.

General Antonio L. Villarreal, former by a socialist leader, was nominated for the Provisional Presidency, the information said. His selection for that post and as the successor to General Carranza was regarded as probable.

RECALLED TO OTTAWA Vancouver Immigration Agent is Transferred

Malcolm Reid, Dominion immigration agent at Vancouver, has been recalled to Ottawa. It was this official who had charge of the deportation of Komagata Maru Hindus. Since then the irreconcilable attitude of the resident Hindus have threatened the lives of all concerned in the fight to prevent the landing of the Hindus. Mr. Reid's assistant has been murdered and also two Hindus who assisted him have been killed. It was thought advisable under the circumstances to transfer Mr. Reid as his life was in serious danger.

GERMAN RIOTS IN LONDON

Anti-German riots have occurred in the Clapham district of London. A German bakery was wrecked and the police reserves were called to disperse the rioters, who numbered several hundred.

The German Athenaeum club, one of the finest clubs in London, the membership of which includes the most prominent Germans in England, has voluntarily closed its doors. A similar move is said to the effect that its staff had been dismissed as it was impossible to continue the club in account of the opposition to everything German in London.

FLOUR and FEED

WE CARRY IN STOCK THE POPULAR
LAKE OF THE WOODS FLOUR
ALSO A COMPLETE LINE OF FEED.
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Headquarters for Excavating,
SAND, GRAVEL, WATER AND GENERAL DRAINING
ELLIOTT & LANG
FIRST ST. WEST. Phone 76

The Redcliff Liquor Store

Sykes Block, Third Street, South of Broadway.
The Only Wholesale Wine and Spirits Store in Redcliff.
Delivery twice a day to family trade. At 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Phone 89 H. B. MUIR, Proprietor.

Take a Look at PHOENIX

NOTE THE NEW HOUSES GOING UP, AND SEE HOW REASONABLE THE PRICES ARE FOR FIRST-CLASS, IMPROVED TOWN LOTS.

\$225. up.

Lockwood Lots

IN THE BEST BLOCKS ARE GOING FAST. A FEW LEFT—CORNER ONES, TOO—IN BLOCKS 20 AND 21.
"YOU'D BETTER HURRY."

The Stoner Agencies.

LOCKWOOD, REEM,
WHEELER AND PHOENIX
ADDITIONS.

SAYS U. S. MAY SHIP ANYTHING

President Wilson says the United States houses may ship anything they like to belligerent powers. They may sell guns and food, copper and shells, goods contraband and otherwise, but they shippers must take all the responsibility and risk. In short, if a cargo of ammunition shipped by the United States to Germany is sunk by a British cruiser, it will not be the subject of diplomatic correspondence, but a matter for the shipper who took a chance and failed. At the same time, President Wilson has intimated: his disapproval of United States bankers making loans to belligerent governments. This ban includes not only the Dominion government, but also the Canadian provincial governments. What is the difference from the neutrality point of view, between a shipment of rifles by the United States to Germany and a shipment of money from the United States to Canada?

INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND RENTALS

LANG BROS. INVESTMENT CO. LTD.
Cor. 1st Ave. and 3rd St. S.E.

DIRECTIONS FOR RUNNING A NEWSPAPER

The editor wheeled his chair around and pushed a button in the wall. The person wanted entered the room. "Here," said the editor, "are a number of directions from outsiders as to the best way to run a newspaper. See that they are all carried out." And the office boy, gathering them all in a large waste paper basket, did so.

Elliott's Horse, a cavalry regiment which has been raised by private funds in Vancouver and Victoria, passed through Redcliff last Saturday morning en route eastward.

FRANK HAIRD,
Barrister, Solicitor,
Notary Public, Etc.
Office, Crowe Building.
REDCLIFF, Alberta.

DR. E. W. BROWN
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Redcliff Alberta
PHONE 22

CANADIAN PACIFIC VERY LOW FARES

In connection with
EXCURSIONS
TO THE
Old Country

Daily Nov. 7 to Dec. 31 inclusive.
Limit five months; stop over and extend periods.

Full information re rail and steamship tickets from
ALL TICKET AGENTS
or write
R. DAWSON,
Dist. Passenger Agent,
Calgary.

LODGE DIRECTORY.
REDCLIFF LODGE No. 90
I. O. O. F.
Meets every Wednesday—in Reid's Hall at 8 p'clock. Visiting brothers always welcome.
J. E. McKENZIE, A. McLELLAN,
Secretary, N. G.

QUARRY LODGE No. 70
F. & A. M.
Regular Communication Third Tuesday of each Month.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.
D. B. REEM, W. H. HATCHER,
Secretary, W. M.

PRAIRIE FLOWER No. 30
REBEKAH LODGE
Meets first and third Monday of each month. Visitors welcome.
MISS JEAN McLELLAN, N. G.
MISS JESSIE BLACK, Secretary.

SONS OF ENGLAND
BENEFIT SOCIETY,
LODGE ROSEMEAR No. 10.
Meets on second and fourth Tuesdays in Crowe's Hall.
S. D. MILLER, Jr., President.
E. H. COURTNEIGH, Secretary
P. O. Box 128

SAFES SAFES
The Mosler Safe Co.
The H. W. LAIRD Co.,
LIMITED.
1010 Second St. E. Calgary Alberta
AGENTS FOR
Mosler Safes of all sizes
and Second Hand Safes at
Big Reductions.

ALBERTA
ORNAMENTAL IRON CO.
ORNAMENTAL IRON
AND BRONZE WORK
G.

Fire Escapes
FOUNDRY WORK OF ALL KINDS
Atlas Lumber
Company, Ltd.,
Formerly
Bowman-Sims Lumber Co., Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Lumber, Lath, Lime,
Shingles, Plaster
Mouldings.

Distribution of Seed Grain and Potatoes

By instructions of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution of superior sorts of grain and potatoes will be made during the coming winter and spring to Canadian farmers. The samples for general distribution will consist of spring wheat (about 1 lb.), white oats (about 4 lbs.), barley (about 6 lbs.), and field peas (about 5 lbs.). These will be sent out from Ottawa. A distribution of potatoes (in 5 lb. samples) will be carried on from several of the experimental farms, the Central Farm at Ottawa supplying only the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. All samples will be sent free, by mail.

Applicants must give particulars in regard to the soil on their farms, and some account of their experience with such kinds of grain or potatoes as they have grown, so that a promising sort for their conditions may be selected.

Each application must be separate and must be signed by the applicant. Only one sample of grain and one of potatoes can be sent to each farm. If both samples are asked for in the same letter only one will be sent. Applications on any kind of printed form cannot be accepted.

As the supply of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early, but the applications will not necessarily be filled in the exact order in which they are received. Preference will always be given to the most thoughtful and explicit requests. Applications received after the end of January will probably be too late.

All applications for grain (and applications from the provinces of Ontario and Quebec for potatoes) should be addressed to the Dominion Cerealist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Such applications require no postage. If otherwise addressed delay and disappointment may occur. Applications for potatoes from farmers in any other province should be addressed (postage paid) to the Superintendent of the nearest Branch Experimental Farm in that province.

INLAND REVENUE RECEIPTS
The receipts of the inland revenue department for August totalled \$5,130,568 as compared with \$1,817,399 for August last year. This is due to increased excise duties imposed as a war tax. Thus the excise revenue on spirits during August was \$1,435,478, on tobacco \$1,060,422, on malt \$622,477, and on cigars \$77,466.

AMERICA'S ANSWER TO GERMANY

In the United States, has been very ably and very succinctly summed up as below by the New York Times, a newspaper which probably voices the sentiment of the American nation, on matters of general interest, more nearly and more consistently than any other member of the press of that country.

"Germany, through her men of light and leading has appealed for the sympathy and the moral support of the people of the United States. The answer has been given through innumerable voices of public opinion. We have told the Germans that in our judgment Austria was unreasonably harsh and provocative in her demands upon Serbia; that we have a profound conviction that their great Emperor was guilty of a wrong again in withholding assent from the peace proposals of Sir Edward Grey, in which France, Italy and Russia joined; that it was a monstrous wrong to send German troops across the Belgian frontier; and that inasmuch as Great Britain, France and Russia have taken up arms in defence of political ideals which have our approval against autocratic and militarist theories and designs which we hold in abhorrence, the sympathy and moral support, we deny to Germany and to Austria are freely given to the Allies. This is the answer we make to Germany. It expresses the belief and feelings of the whole American people, save only some of those whose judgment is subject to the natural influence of the ties of kindred."

This statement, coming from an eminent and well informed authority voicing the sentiments of a great national power, and expressed in concise and emphatic language, is ample to convince a German of the weight and aggressiveness of his nation's actions.

PROVINCES LOSE MUCH
In view of the decision by the Privy Council in the appeal of the John Deere Flour company of British Columbia, that a company holding a Dominion charter does not require a provincial license to do business, Ontario will lose about half a million dollars of revenue. The province has been deriving an annual income of this amount from licensing companies, and it is expected that when companies which have been paying this tax learn the privy council decision they will decline to pay it any longer.

THE WAY OF THE BRITISH

It isn't the way of the British,
In the fight for country and king,
On the fair white field of their valor
The shadow of shame to bring.
There isn't a lad in the army,
Would flinch the light of his honor
By a deed of infamy.

It isn't the way of Britain
To grasp with greedy hand
And hold with a despot's power
Domain in a friendly land.
But she fights for a "scrap of paper"
She dies for "an old colored rag."
When the one is her word of promise,
And the other her blood-stained flag.

It isn't the way of the British,
With ruthless hands of hate
The precious things of a nation
To plunder and despoil.
Not 'gainst defenceless women
And children their guns are turned,
Not 'gainst the weak and fallen,
That isn't the way they've learned.

It isn't the way of the British
To strike like the heathen hordes,
To torture the hapless captives
They take at the end of their swords.
That was never the way with Britain,
Her strength is the strength of
Her sons in her far-flung warfare
Fight over like gentlemen.

There were thirty or more of our gunners—
It was but a week ago—
Were called to a post of peril
In the path of the furious foe.
It was certain death, and they knew
it.
But the valor in each heart burned:
"Good-bye, good-bye, to you, fellows,"
They called—and never returned.

Again came the short sharp summons,
And there dashed through the sultrious smoke
With the same farewell to their comrades.
While a wreath of smoke outbreak
Thirty to twelve the thirty.
And the eager ranks closed in
That is the way of the British,
That is the way they die.

About a quarter of the business sector of Hanna was wiped out by fire last Sunday.

Canadian Firm Making Rifles for Britain

For the first time the Ross Rifle factory at Quebec started Sunday work, besides working light and day week days to go ahead with the contract of a hundred thousand rifles which it has just received from the British government and which calls for complete delivery in the space of a year. There are now about 800 employed at the factory and this number will be gradually increased until there are practically double that number which will be shortly after New Year. The rifle demanded by the imperial authorities is the same as is issued to the Canadian contingent. Extensive additions are being made to the factory.

WAR PICTURES.
The Department of Extension in connection with the Alberta University has received from England a number of lantern slides illustrative of the European war. An arrangement has been made with a London firm to supply slides of this kind showing the progress of events while the war lasts. This first shipment includes pictures of preparations being made in England and France and some of the results of the war up to the fall of Liege. The slides will be shown to the public for the first time at the University on Saturday evening, October 24th. After that they may be borrowed by literary and other societies throughout the province, either in connection with Extension lectures or for exhibition only. Applications either for illustrated lectures on the war or for the use of the slides should be made to the Department of Extension.

FLOUR \$2.50

ASK FOR COMBINATION NO. 5

35 lbs. 3-Star Flour	2.50
4 cans St. Charles Milk, Condensed	.50
Peas or Beans	.50
3 lb. can Baking Powder	.50
1 bottle Flavoring Extract 8 oz. or 1 bottle Mapleine	.50
1 quart Jar Pickles, or 1 lb. Good Tea	.50
2 1/2 lb. pail Ontario Honey or 1 gal. Malt Vinegar	.50

Total for all unchanged.....\$5.00
We can only deliver about fifty of this combination, so get your order in early.

Northwest Grocery
PHONE 70

DON'T FAIL
To call at Our Store and look over our line of

GAS HEATERS

And Investigate Our Prices Before Buying.

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FIRE AUTO STEAM BOILER
LIFE LIABILITY PLATE GLASS
ACCIDENT, SICKNESS AND SURETY BOND

DOMINION EXPRESS
MONEY ORDERS, FOREIGN CHEQUES and TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SOLD.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS
FOR AND ALL LINES ISSUED
COMMISSIONER AND NOTARY PUBLIC

A. J. NICHOLSON
Phone 57. BROADWAY.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Authorized	\$10,000,000
Capital paid up	\$7,000,000
Reserve	\$7,000,000
Total assets	\$70,000,000

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SAVINGS ACCOUNT
Deposits of \$1 and upward received and interest allowed from date of deposit

DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS BOUGHT AND SOLD

B. E. HOWARD, Manager Redcliff Branch

LOW COST OF PRODUCTION

Is the Secret of Successful Industrial Enterprise

IS THE BIG OPPORTUNITY

For all Manufacturers who want to share in the "MADE-IN-CANADA" HARVEST.

COME AND SEE REDCLIFF!

We will co-operate with you in Free Site, Power, and the advantages of being allied with the most Substantial Industrial Development in Western Canada.

B. J. BOTT, Mayor.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Mr. Muir and family are visiting friends in Medicine Hat this week.

Col. Sam Hughes, minister of militia, has been made a major-general.

Lord Charles Bessford says this war will last another six months or a year.

Mr. Evans left last Wednesday for Toronto, where he will visit for a few weeks.

The ornamental ironworks have received blue prints for a number of large buildings.

Mr. Lewis, of the Redcliff club, is spending a few days this week with his family in the Hat.

The school teachers in town are entertaining their single friends to dance in Red's hall tonight.

Mr. T. Brown, of the W. J. Francis Company, Montreal, was in town Wednesday on business for the company.

Hon. Colin H. Campbell, formerly a member of the Manitoba legislature, died last Saturday after a long illness.

About one hundred people attended the sale of horses at the pound last Saturday and good prices were realized.

At the present time there are forty oil wells being drilled in Alberta, fifteen of which are down over 1,000 feet.

Mr. McFadden, foreman on the C.N.R. construction west of town, celebrated his twenty-first birthday last Tuesday.

President Wilson issued a proclamation designating Thursday, November 12, as Thanksgiving day in the United States.

Tomorrow evening will be Halloween. Have all the fun you can have, but don't do damage property or jeopardize public safety.

Messrs. W. McGinnis and W. Coulter, of Toronto, were visitors in town last Monday, and were shown around by Mayor Bott.

At the South Eastern Alberta Teachers' convention held in Medicine Hat last week, Mr. Liggatt, principal of Redcliff school, was elected president.

Mayor McNamara and Alderman East, of Edmonton, were unseated by the court as a result of their business transactions as members of the industrial association.

The Canadian soldiers now at Salisbury Plains are to have wet canteens. About the pond, they believe putting the boys up against their worst enemy fire.

A horse strayed to Redcliff last week, and after being in one of the livery barns was sent to pound. Poundkeeper Crooks got busy and soon located the owner.

Mr. W. H. Harrison arrived in town last week from Toronto to visit his sister, Mrs. Frank E. Porter. Mrs. Harris intends starting dress-making here in the near future.

On a sheep farm near Calgary there are ten sheep each \$1,500 each. They are of the Karakul-Arabian breed and are the most valuable sheep that ever trod the western provinces.

The Alberta Ice Co.'s ice house in the Hat was burned to the ground last Saturday night. Things are getting up hot in municipal affairs in our sister city that even the ice couldn't keep cool.

An international conference will be held in the Empress Theatre on Nov. 28th, under the auspices of the Laymen's Missionary Movement. A good time may be expected from imported and local eloquence.

Mr. G. D. Fraser, new Glasgow, N.S., and his bride, Mrs. Jean King, were visiting in Redcliff on Wednesday, the guests of Rev. and Mrs. Gordon. Their many friends were pleased to see them again as they return to the east.

The Presbyterians are to give a soiree, after the Scottish style, in the Empress Theatre on the 14th of December. The soiree was the invention of the festive mind of the Rev. Dr. Thomas Chalmers, and became impetus to a piece in the life of the common people.

Mr. C. E. Duffield left this morning for Van Wert, Ohio, to attend the funeral of Mr. Duffield's brother, who died yesterday morning. Mr. Duffield, who was in Harro, Miss., when the late reached him, will join Mr. Duffield at Minot, S. D., and proceed to Van Wert.

The first meeting of the Medicine Hat Presbyterian will be held in St. John's church, Medicine Hat, on Wednesday, Nov. 4th. This society is the women's branch of the work in connection with the general assembly just formed. Mrs. G. L. Gordon and Mrs. Ed. L. Stotie will represent Redcliff, both taking part in the program.

One of the camps on the C.N.R. ran short of water, and went to get some

from a neighboring farmer. The farmer charged \$1.00 a barrel for it, but the clerk got a good chance to get even. The farmer wanted to buy some meat, and was sold some at a dollar a pound.

In a letter from W. E. G. Crisford, a former Redcliff boy who is now in Vancouver, he states that he is going to the front with the next Canadian contingent. He has enlisted with the Sixth Duke of Connaught's Own Rifles, of Vancouver.

According to the German ambassador at Washington, the Germans are thinking of landing an army in Canada. As Col. Simons and Sgt. Major Hallworth are still in Medicine Hat the people of Redcliff have no cause for alarm.

His friends in the local legislature presented Premier Sifton with a gold watch at the close of the session. Owing to present conditions this looks like a very poor present as the premier might have to lay off the watch any time then the watch will not be much good to him.

Call in and see the fine selection of War Books and Pictures at Blundell's Book Store, First St. Join our popular library. Only five cents a book, and there are 240 to select from.

The addition to Mayor Bott's office is now almost completed and he expects to be able to move into his new quarters early next week. His Worship will have most cosy rooms, equipped with all modern conveniences, and will be home with his friends any evening in the week except Sunday.

McLaughlin & McLean have completed work in connection with the re-modelling of the inside of the Merchant Bank. They have made a good job of it, and now the bank has very neat, tidy and more commodious quarters.

For the information of those who may not have seen the notice that in case of fire, those giving the alarm should give the following signals: The siren if the fire is between Broadway and the C.P.R. 2 whistles; between Broadway and 3rd Ave. S. 3 whistles; between 5th Ave. S. and 3rd Ave. S. 4 whistles; north of C.P.R. 5 whistles.

The work on the construction of the new Royal Bank is being rapidly rushed ahead. The brick work is completed and the roof on the main entrance is now being put on. The building will have a fine appearance from the outside, and we understand the inside is to be fitted up in the most modern style. The contractors, Messrs. Hooton, Leeder & Goods, are certainly making great progress, and expect to have the building ready to occupy about the end of the year.

The relief committee met last evening and report that there are very few calls being made on them at present.

F. Balld attended a meeting of the Bar Association in Medicine Hat last night.

Prince Louis of Battenberg, against whom there have been no open charges, but much life gossip because of his Austrian origin, has resigned his position as first sea lord of the admiralty. It is thought probable, because of a newspaper campaign against his holding of such a high command.

PACIFIC RAILWAY

Money spent at home means helping to build up schools, churches, sidewalks, sewers, roads, etc., in your own town. Money sent out of town to department stores, etc., means helping to build up some other town or city. Which do you want to help, your own or some other town?



Snapshot taken inside the allied line in France, showing a French mail pouring coffee for wounded German prisoners. English soldier in the background.

WATER COMMISSION

(Continued from First Page)

The schedule, but would recommend as follows:

That as the town is under no expense for the emptying of cesspools, the cost of such being borne by the owner, that the town, on and after January 1st, 1915, make no charge for the water used in baths and toilets. This exemption to continue only until such time as a sewerage system is installed, when cesspools must be abolished.

The water commission has also taken up the question of water revenue from houses not connected with the mains and would recommend as follows:

1. That all houses on the water line, but not connected thereto, be charged the schedule rate for water.
2. That as the owners or occupants of these unconnected houses have not gone to the expense of connecting their property with the mains, no discount on water rates will be allowed, as such discount would constitute a discrimination against persons who have their property so connected.
3. That all occupied houses located on streets where water mains are not laid be charged for water at the rate of 50 cents per month.
4. That all water rates be charged to the owner of the property and that if such rates are not paid on or before the 30th day of the first month in each quarter that the water will be at once shut off.
5. That any water rates remaining unpaid at the end of each year shall be charged against the property and shall be collected as taxes for the current year.
6. That these recommendations take effect on the 1st day of January, 1915, and that all registered owners of houses be notified to this effect before that date.

All of which is respectively submitted. The report was adopted on motion of Councillors Lavelle and McLaughlin.

There was some discussion on the advisability of taking some steps to advertise the town past that there was a movement to take advantage of the industrial development consequent upon the conditions in Europe.

It was decided that a sum of \$75 per month be set aside for advertising purposes. A few small bills were passed by the finance committee and ordered to be paid.

Blankets

Gray Wool, per pair \$2.50

Comforters \$1.50

Phone 36

The management of the Rolling Mill are having an addition built to their plant which will be used as a store department and warehouse. The building is of brick and will be 22x20 feet. It is on the contract.

New Goods BULLETIN

JUST RECEIVED
A number of the latest and most up-to-date fashions.

NEW VELVETS at yard \$1.25

Colours: Emerald, Navy, Tan, Brown, Rose and Black.

BETTER VELVETS from \$1.50 to \$2.50

In Salmon, Pink, French Blue, Cocco

Colored Plushes at yard \$1.00

Colours: Navy, Brown, Green, And Red and Black at \$1.00

Colours: Navy, Tan, Brown, Rose and Black.

Colours: Navy, Brown, Green, And Red and Black at \$1.00

Colours: Navy, Tan, Brown, Rose and Black.

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WE LEAD WE NEVER FOLLOW

OUR STORE HAS AN

ARMY

OF SATISFIED CUSTOMERS ARE YOU ONE OF THEM? IF NOT

CALL

IN AND GET TO THE

FRONT

For QUALITY IN GROCERIES



Tomatoes, 3 lb. can, 2 for, 25c

Lime Juice, reg. 50c, 25c

Cheer Chow, gal., 50c

Tomato Catsup, gal., 50c

Mixed Pickles, gal., 50c

Fry's Cabbage Ising Powder, 1-2 lb. tin, 25c

Maple Syrup, pure, 50c

Maple Syrup, pure, 1-2 gal. 50c

BAKING POWDERS

Eggs, Gold Standard or Blue Ribbon, per 16 ea. can, 25c

Apples, per box, 25c

Potatoes, per bus., \$1.10

Carrots, Beets, Turnips, Parsnips

Cabbages, onions, per lb., 25c

KEATS

THIRD STREET

Phone 41

Free Delivery

BROADWAY

DEPARTMENT

STORE, LTD.

Lon Barber

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

Cranberries, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, per case, 1.40

Pears, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

Apples, No. 1, new, 2 lbs. 25c

COFFEE

Barrington Hall 45c

Dutch Brand 45c

Blue Ribbon Tea, 40c, 3 lbs. 1.00

Blue Ribbon Tea, 40c, 3 lbs. 1.00

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BLANKETS

Gray Wool, per pair \$2.50

Comforters \$1.50

Blankets \$1.50

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Blankets \$1.50

Farmers

CALL HERE FOR

GOVERNMENT

ORDERS

OUR PROMPT DELIVERY OF ALL ORDERS HAS GIVEN US A HOST OF SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

MENS UNDERWEAR

5 Shirts, size 46 50

4 Shirts, size 42 50

5 Shirts, size 48 50

5 Shirts, size 38 50

5 Shirts, size 36 50

5 Shirts, size 34 50

5 Shirts, size 32 50

5 Shirts, size 30 50

5 Shirts, size 28 50

5 Shirts, size 26 50

McClary's Famous

Stoves and Ranges

GRANITEWARE, HARDWARE, IRON PIPE, GAS FITTINGS, MANIFOLD, BURNERS, GLOVES, Etc.

GRANITEWARE, HARDWARE, IRON PIPE, GAS FITTINGS, MANIFOLD, BURNERS, GLOVES, Etc.

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